

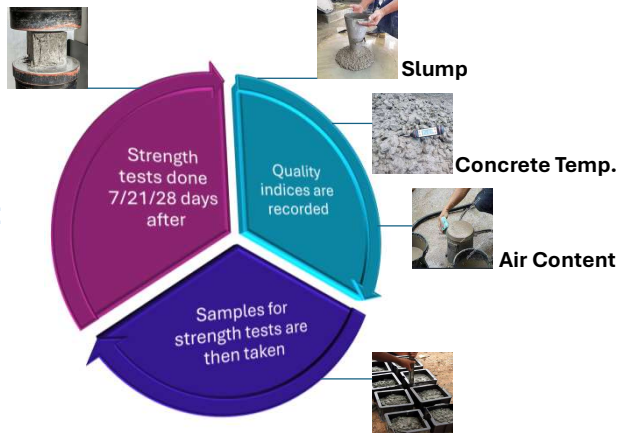
Early and Independent Compressive Strength Determination of Industrially Produced Concrete At Points of Delivery Using AI

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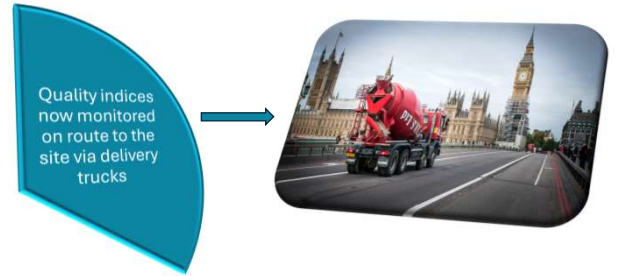
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Standard Process Digital Testing of Fresh Concrete

1ST Concrete Quality Assessment Process on Delivery to Site

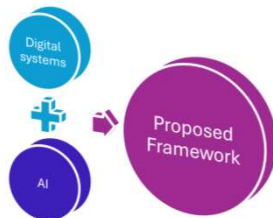


In November 2023, HS2 approved the use of VERIFI to reduce embodied carbon from concrete testing. VERIFI's sensors in delivery trucks monitor and print concrete properties like slump and temperature, eliminating manual measurements and saving carbon. Strength samples are still lab-tested, with results available after 28 days.

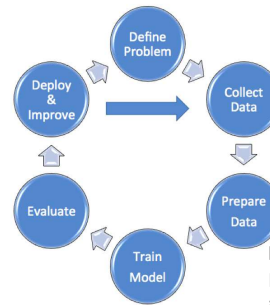


Proposition: AI + Digital Testing

We propose enhancing the current technology by using concrete mix design data to predict the 28th-day concrete compressive strength at delivery with machine learning models. This approach eliminates the 3-week wait for strength results and reduces legal issues from non-conforming concrete.



Methodology: Machine Learning



Problem Definition 1: Model that predicts compressive strength given mix proportions and specification data.

Problem Definition 2: Model that predicts compressive strength independent of mix proportions for use at points of delivery.

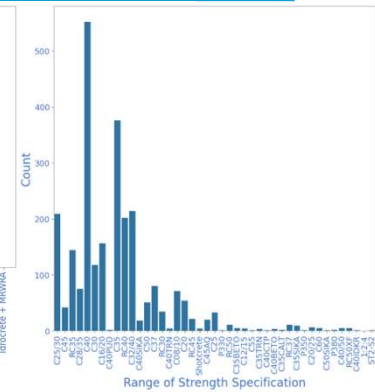
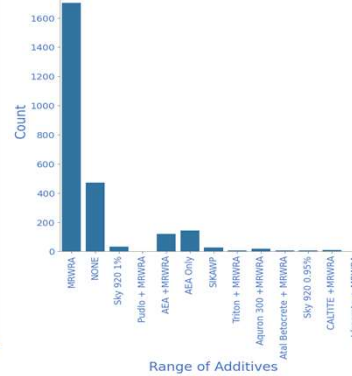
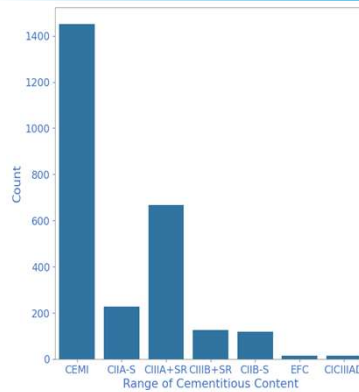
2ND

Proposition & Methodology

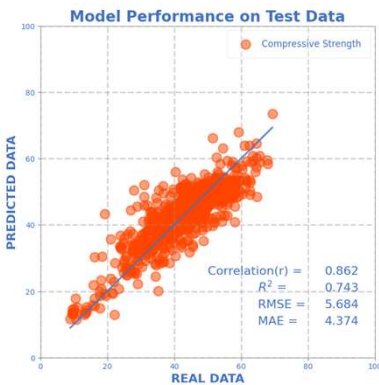
3RD The Research Data

The research data is data spanning a year of supply activities of a UK ready-mix concrete supplier.

Most studies on concrete strength predictions use laboratory data reported in literature, not a lot of work is done on industrially produced concrete.

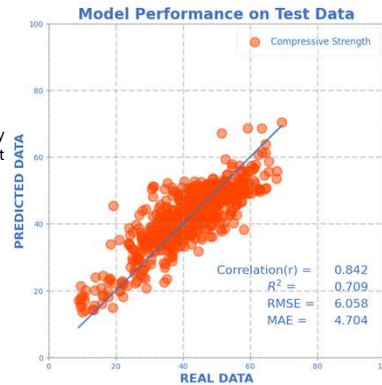


Standard Model Result



- Model Inputs:**
1. Cement Type
 2. Admixture Type
 3. Strength Class
 4. CEM1 proportion
 5. GGBS replacement
 6. Total Cementitious material
 7. Coarse aggregate proportion
 8. Fine aggregate proportion
 9. Water content
 10. Water/cement ratio
 11. Curing age
 12. Slump at delivery
 13. Ambient temp. at delivery

Independent Model Result



- Model Inputs:**
1. Cement Type
 2. Admixture Type
 3. Strength Class
 4. Curing age
 5. Slump at delivery
 6. Ambient temp. at delivery

Future Work:

1. Improve the accuracy of the standard model by including admixture proportions.
2. Improve accuracy of independent model considering methods like transfer learning.

Research Impact:

1. Early strength determination.
2. Independent quality control for various concrete mixes.
3. Useful when mix proportion data is unavailable or incomplete.

4TH

Results & Research Impact