

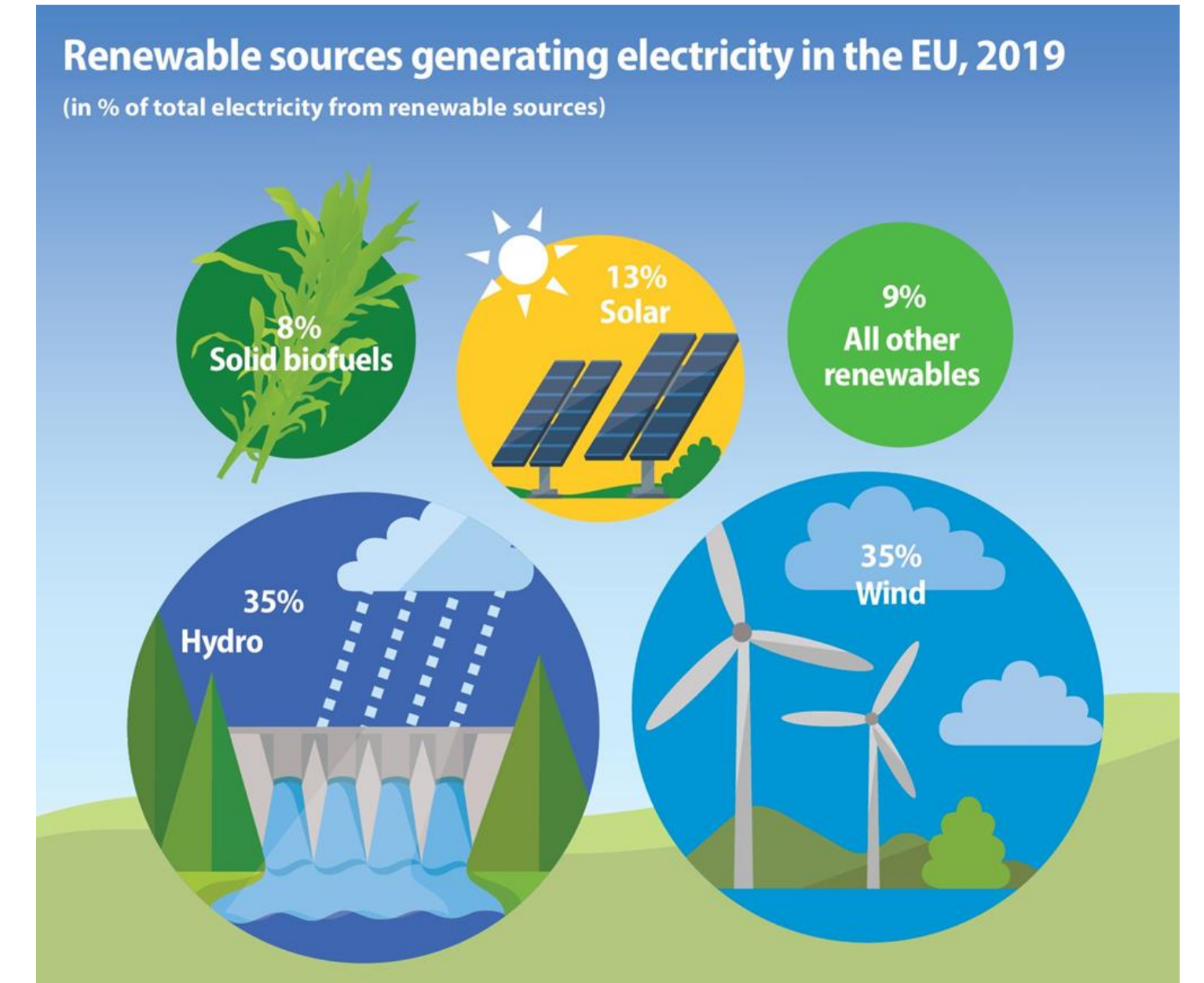
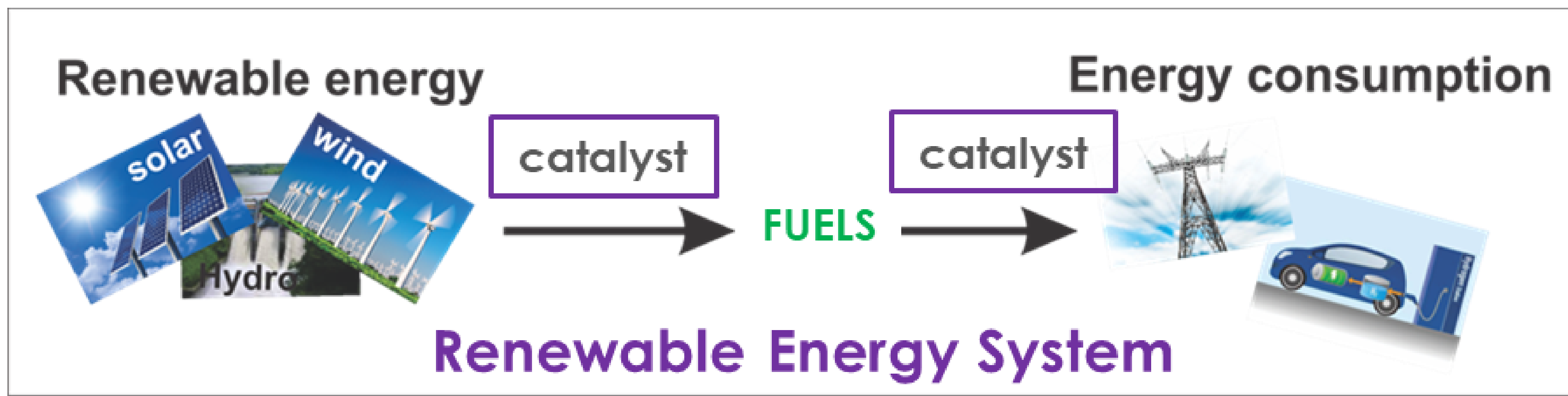


Expanding the Biocatalytic Toolbox for Sustainable Chemistry: Semi-synthetic and Artificial Metalloenzymes for Energy Conversion



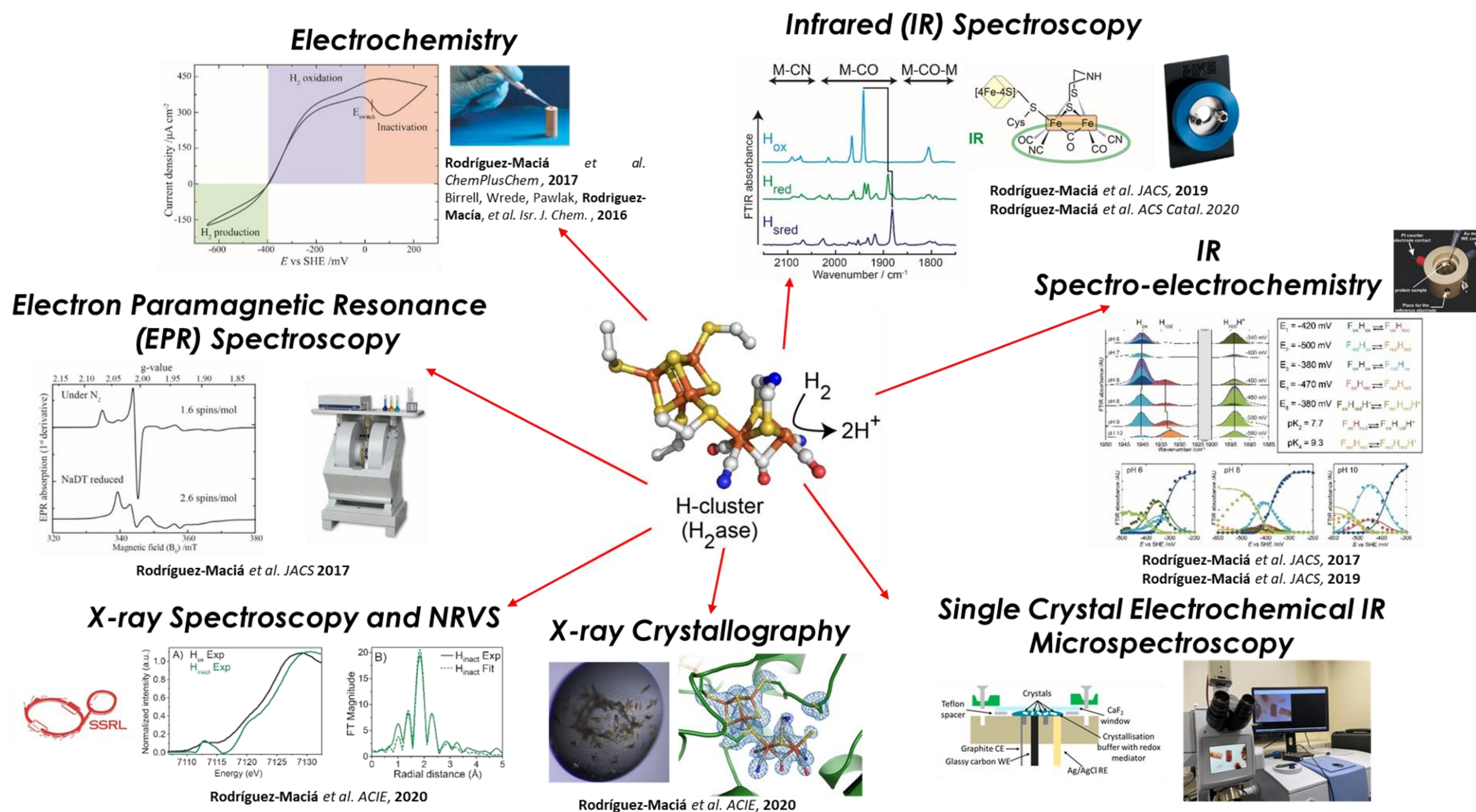
Patricia Rodríguez-Maciá, School of Chemistry and Leicester Institute of Structural and Chemical Biology, University of Leicester, Leicester, LE1 7RH, UK
email: prm28@leicester.ac.uk

1. Why is this Research Important? Motivation: Energy Sustainability



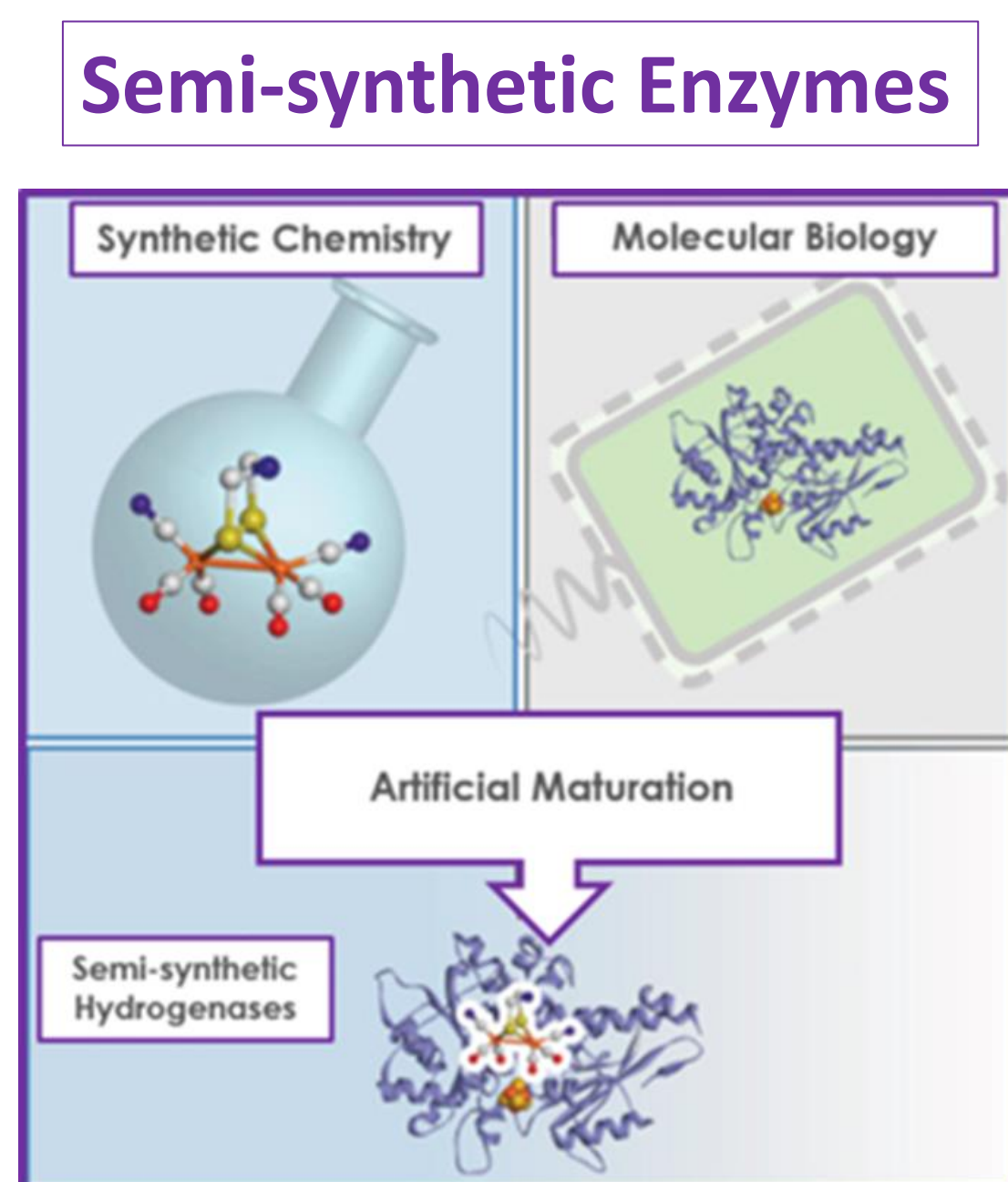
- ❑ Society consumes a lot of energy mostly from non-renewable sources
- ❑ **Energy production** generating 87% of global **greenhouse gas emissions**
- ❑ Non-renewable resources (i.e. fossil fuels) are limited so we need to shift towards a **renewable energy-system**
- ❑ Example of renewable energy-system: get rid of the **carbon dioxide** from the atmosphere and use **hydrogen** as a fuel
- ❑ Big problem: **energy storage** and **transportation**
- ❑ For **energy storage** and **transportation** we need **efficient catalysts** based on **earth-abundant metals** (cheap, easy to obtain and produce)
- ❑ **Catalysts** speed up chemical reactions
- ❑ **Enzymes** are nature's catalysts

2. Learning from Nature's Enzymes

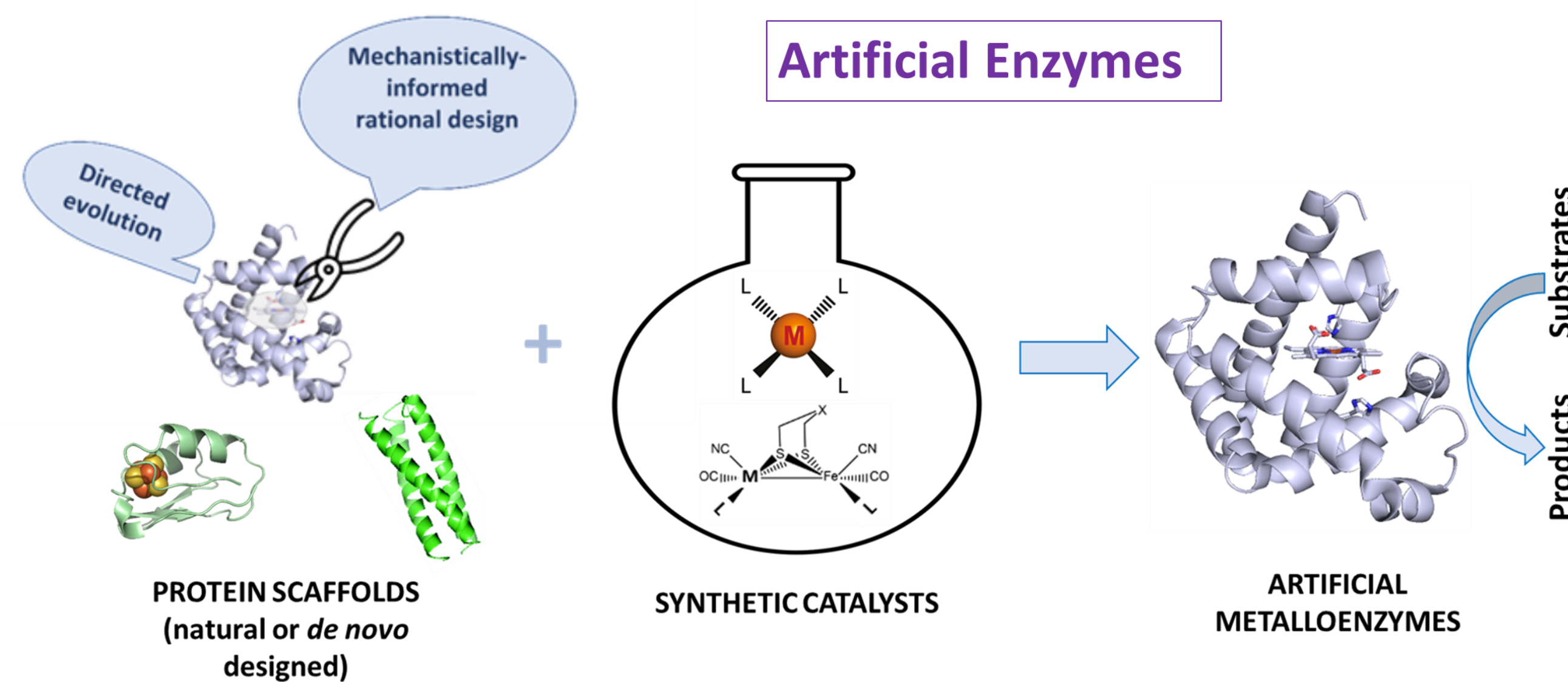


- ❑ We use a wide combination of techniques to investigate enzymes
- ❑ Because they are very fast, we often cannot investigate them by conventional techniques and have to develop new methods
- ❑ With the knowledge gained we develop design principles to build catalysts and artificial enzymes for energy-conversion reactions
- ❑ We aim to understand what is the minimal subunit we need to 'reproduce' for catalytic activity

3. Approaches to Generate Semi-synthetic and Artificial Metalloenzymes



- ❑ 'Artificial maturation' allows incorporation of synthetic cofactors into natural protein-scaffolds
- ❑ Can determine important elements for catalysis and reactivity
- ❑ Allow preparation of semi-synthetic enzymes with novel properties



- ❑ Artificial enzymes result from incorporating synthetic catalysts into natural or *de novo* protein-scaffold
- ❑ They combine transition-metal catalysis with the unique benefits of enzymes
- ❑ They have applications in many fields:
 - Green energy
 - Pharmacology
 - Biosensing

4. Conclusions

- Can acquire **inspiration from nature** to help **solve the climate crisis**
- **Enzymes found in nature catalyse** reactions that are key to **energy sustainability**
- Need to **understand natural enzymes** to **learn how to develop better catalysts** for biotechnological applications
- **Semi-synthetic and artificial enzymes** have important **applications in energy sustainability**